



**SPECIFICATION
FOR
LCD Module
KD018C-2**

MODULE:	KD018C-2
CUSTOMER:	

REV	DESCRIPTION	DATE
1.0	FIRST ISSUE	2013.10.20

STARTEK	INITIAL	DATE
PREPARED BY		
CHECKED BY		
APPROVED BY		

CUSTOMER	INITIAL	DATE
APPROVED BY		



Revision History

[illegible]

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General Description

* Description

This is a color active matrix TFT (Thin Film Transistor) LCD (liquid crystal display) that uses amorphous silicon TFT as a switching device. This model is composed of a Transmissive type TFT-LCD Panel, driver circuit, back-light unit. The resolution of a 1.8'TFT-LCD contains 128x160 pixels, and can display up to 65K colors.

* Features

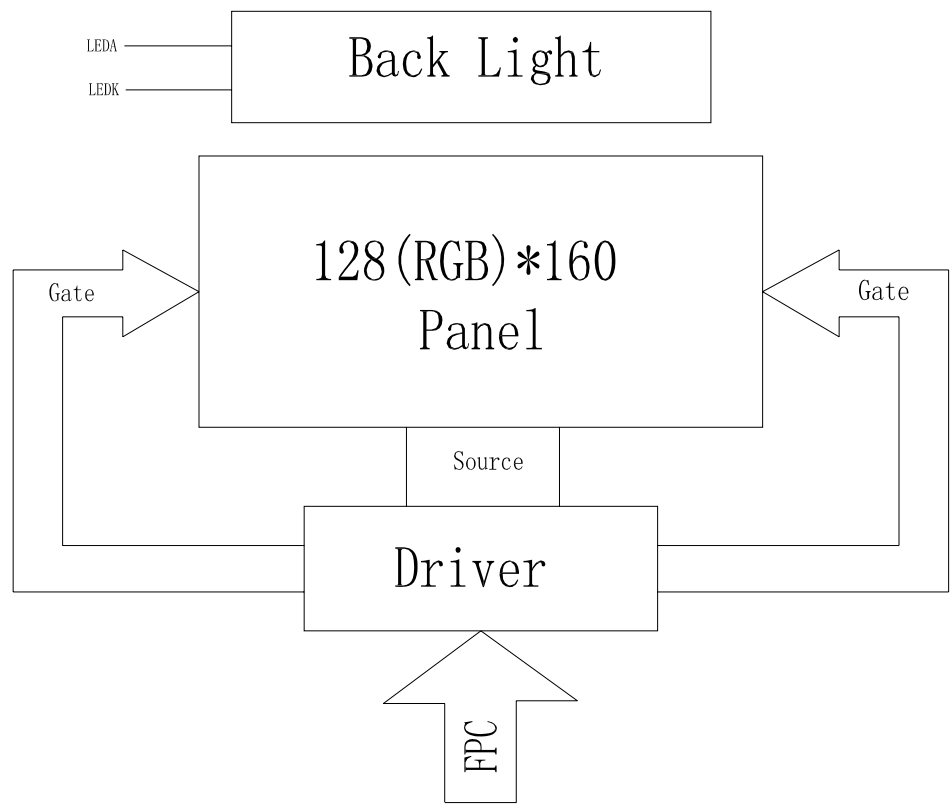
- Low Input Voltage: 3.3V(TYP)
- Display Colors of TFT LCD: 65Kcolors
- Interface: 8/9/16/18Bit MCU;3/4SPI+16/18Bit RGB

General Information Items	Specification	Unit	Note
	Main Panel		
Display area(AA)	28.02(H)*35.04(V) (1.77inch)	mm	-
Driver element	TFT active matrix	-	-
Display colors	65K	colors	-
Number of pixels	128(RGB)*160	dots	-
Pixel arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Pixel pitch	0.219(H)*0.219(V)	mm	-
Viewing angle	12:00	o'clock	-
Controller IC	ILI9163V	-	-
Display mode	Transmissive/ Normally White	-	-
Operating temperature	-20~+70	℃	-
Storage temperature	-30~+80	℃	-

* Mechanical Information

Item		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Module size	Horizontal(H)		34.0		mm	-
	Vertical(V)		47.0		mm	-
	Depth(D)		2.4		mm	-
Weight			TBD		g	-

1. Block Diagram



**3. Input terminal Pin Assignment**

NO.	SYMBOL	DISCRIPTION	I/O															
1	GND	Ground.	P															
2	LEDK	Cathode pin OF backlight.	P															
3	LEDA1	Anode pin of backlight.	P															
4	LEDA2	Anode pin of backlight.	P															
5	LEDA3	Anode pin of backlight.	P															
6	IM0	MCU parallel interface type selection <table><tr><th>IM1</th><th>IM0</th><th>Parallel interface</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>MCU 8-bit Parallel</td></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>MCU 16-bit Parallel</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>MCU 9-bit Parallel</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>MCU 18-bit Parallel</td></tr></table>	IM1	IM0	Parallel interface	0	0	MCU 8-bit Parallel	0	1	MCU 16-bit Parallel	1	0	MCU 9-bit Parallel	1	1	MCU 18-bit Parallel	I
IM1	IM0		Parallel interface															
0	0		MCU 8-bit Parallel															
0	1		MCU 16-bit Parallel															
1	0	MCU 9-bit Parallel																
1	1	MCU 18-bit Parallel																
7	IM1																	
8	IM2	MCU Parallel interface bus and Serial interface select – IM2='1';Parallel Interface – IM2='0';Serial Interface	I															
9	RCM1	RGB and MCU interface mode selection pin. –RCM1=1, RGB interface –RCM1=0, MCU interface mode	I															
10	SPI4W	SPI interface selection pin . SPI4W='0': 3-wire SPI. SPI4W='1': 4-wire SPI. This pin is internal pull low.	I															
11	VCC	Supply voltage(3.3V).	P															
12	VCC	Supply voltage(3.3V).	P															
13	SDI	When RCM1,RCM0='1X'(RGB I/F), serial input/output signal in serial I/F mode. The data is input on the rising edge of the SCL signal. The data is output on the falling edge of the SCL signal. When RCM1,RCM0='0X'(MCU I/F), this pin is not used, and fix at VDDI or GND level. If not used, please fix this pin at VDDI or GND level.	I															



14	RD	Read enable. if not used, please connect this pin to VDD.	I
15	DC/SCL	Display data / Command selection pin in parallel and SCL in 3-pin SPI interface. D/CX='1': Display data. D/CX='0': Command data. If not used, please connect this pin to GND.	I
16	WR/SPI_RS	Write enable in parallel interface. WRX: for 8080 MCU D/CX: for 4-wire SPI If not used, please connect this pin to VDDI or GND.	I
17	CS	Chip select input pin ("Low" enable). This pin can be permanently fixed "Low" in MCU interface mode only.	I
18	RESET	This signal will reset the device and must be applied to properly initialize the chip.	I
19-36	DB17-DB0(SDA)	When RCM1='0' (MCU I/F), D[17:0] are used to MCU parallel interface data bus, and D0 is also the serial input/output signal in SPI interface mode. In serial interface, D[17:1] are not used and should be connected to ground. When RCM1='1' (RGB I/F), D[17:0] are used to RGB interface data bus.	I/o
37	PCLK	Pixel clock signal in RGB I/F mode. -If it's not used, please fix this pin at GND level.	I
38	DE	Data enable signal in RGB I/F mode. -If it's not used, please fix this pin at GND level.	I
39	HSYNC	Horizontal sync. Signal in RGB I/F mode. -If it's not used, please fix this pin at GND level.	I
40	VSNC	Vertical sync. Signal in RGB I/F mode. -If it's not used, please fix this pin at GND level.	I
41	XR(NC)		



42	YD(NC)		
43	XL(NC)		
44	YU(NC)		
45	GND	Ground.	P

4. LCD Optical Characteristics

4.1 Optical specification

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Transmittance (without Polarizer)		T(%)	—	—	19.1	—	—	
Contrast Ratio		CR	$\Theta=0$	400	500	—	—	(1)(2)
Response time	Rising	T _R	Normal viewing angle — —	—	2	4	msec	(1)(3)
	Falling	T _F		—	6	12		
Color gamut		S(%)			60		%	
Color chromaticity (CIE1931)	White	W _x		0.283	0.303	0.323		(1)(4) CF glass
		W _y		0.305	0.325	0.345		
	Red	R _x		0.606	0.626	0.646		
		R _y		0.314	0.334	0.354		
	Green	G _x		0.257	0.277	0.297		
		G _y		0.529	0.549	0.569		
	Blue	B _x		0.122	0.142	0.162		
		B _y		0.102	0.122	0.142		
Viewing angle	Hor.	Θ_L	CR>10	35	45	—		
		Θ_R		35	45	—		
	Ver.	Θ_U		35	45	—		
		Θ_D		10	20	—		
Optima View Direction		12 O'clock						(5)

4.2 Measuring Condition

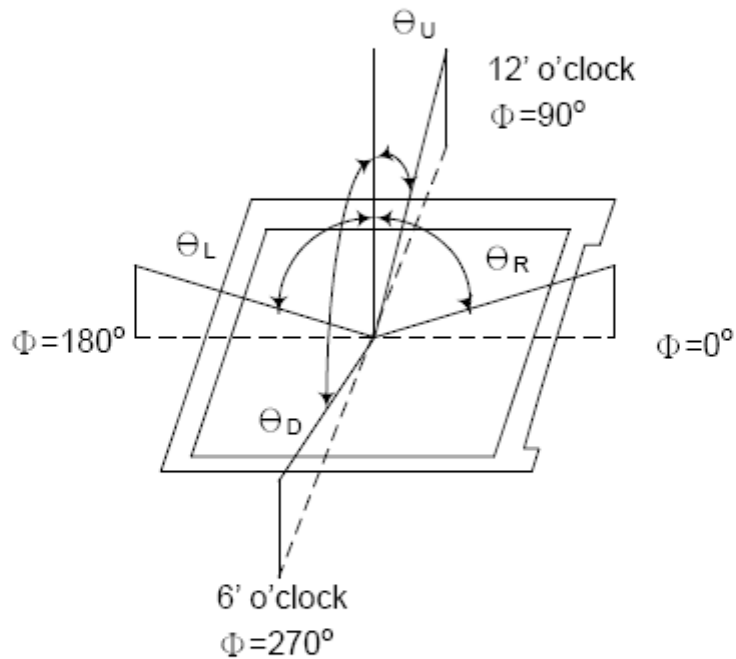
- Measuring surrounding : dark room
- Ambient temperature : $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$
- 15min. warm-up time.



4.3 Measuring Equipment

- FPM520 of Westar Display technologies, INC., which utilized SR-3 for Chromaticity and BM-5A for other optical characteristics.

Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle :



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio(CR) :
measured at the center point of panel

$$CR = \frac{\text{Luminance with all pixels white}}{\text{Luminance with all pixels black}}$$

5. Electrical Characteristics

5.1 Absolute Maximum Rating (Ta=25 VSS=0V)

Characteristics	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Digital Supply Voltage	VDD	-0.3	4.8	V
Digital interface supply Voltage	VDDIO	-0.3	4.6	V
Operating temperature	T _{OP}	-20	+70	°C
Storage temperature	T _{ST}	-30	+80	°C

5.2 DC Electrical Characteristics

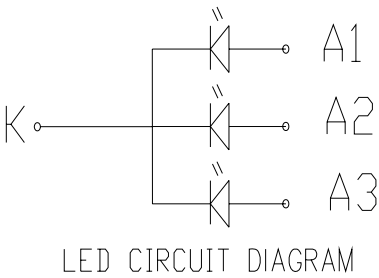
Characteristics	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Digital Supply Voltage	VDD	2.5	3.3	4.2	V	
Digital interface supply Voltage	VDDIO	1.65	3.3	4.2	V	
Normal mode Current consumption	IDD	--	1.5	--	mA	
Level input voltage	V _{IH}	0.7V _{DDIO}		VDDIO	V	
	V _{IL}	GND		0.3V _{DDIO}	V	
Level output voltage	V _{OH}	0.8VDDIO		VDDIO	V	
	V _{OL}	GND		0.2VDDIO	V	



5.3 LED Backlight Characteristics

The back-light system is edge-lighting type with 3 chips White LED

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Forward Current	I_F	45	60	--	mA	
Forward Voltage	V_F	--	3.2	--	V	
LCM Luminance	L_V	300	--	--	cd/m2	
Uniformity	AV_g	80	--	--	%	





6.1. Display Parallel 18/16/9/8-bit Interface Timing Characteristics (8080- system)



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	trdh	Control pulse H duration(ID)	90		ns	data
	trdl	Control pulse L duration(ID)	45		ns	
RDX	trcfm	Read cycle (FM)	450		ns	When read from frame memory
	trdhfm	Control pulse H duration (FM)	90		ns	
	trdlfm	Control pulse L duration (FM)	355		ns	
D[17..0]	tdst	Data setup time	10		ns	For maximum CL = 30pF For minimum CL = 8pF
	tdht	Data hold time	10		ns	
	trat	Read access time (ID)		40	ns	
	tratfm	Read access time (FM)		340	ns	
	todh	Output disable time	20	80	ns	

Note 1: VDDI 1.65 to 3.3V, VCI=2.6 to 3.3V, AGND=GND=0V, Ta=-30 to 70 °C (to +85°C no damage)

Note 2: This input signal rise time and fall time (tr, tf) is specified at 15 ns or less. Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of VDDI for input signals

6.2 3-pin Serial Interface

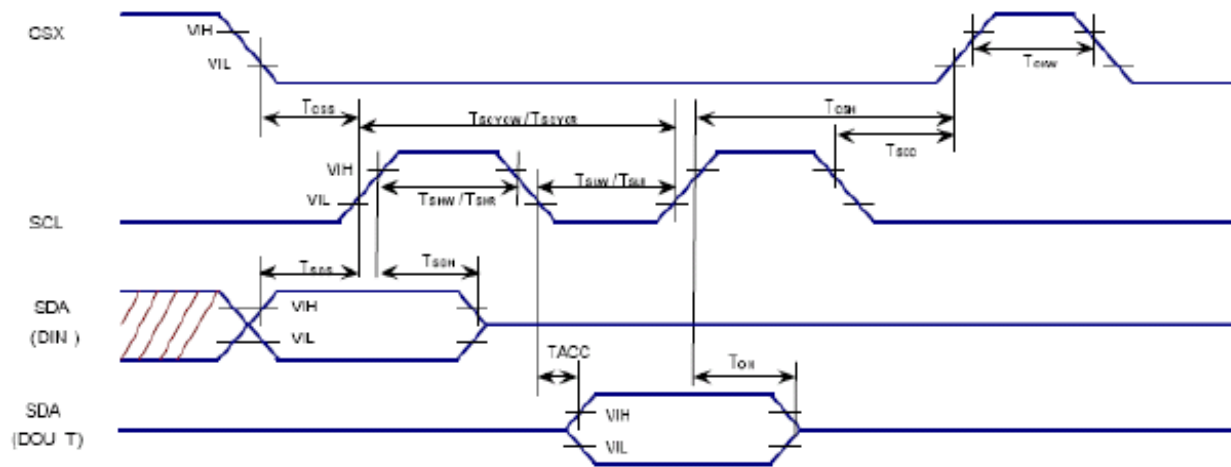


Table 17.3.2.1: 3-pin Serial Interface Characteristics

Signal	Symbol	Parameter	MIN	MAX	Unit	Description
CSX	TCSS	Chip select setup time	10		ns	
	TCSH	Chip select hold time	30		ns	
	TCHW	Chip select "H" pulse width	30		ns	
SCL	TSCYCW	Serial clock cycle(Write)	66		ns	
	TSHW	S"L""H" pulse width(Write)	15		ns	
	TSLW	S"L""L" pulse width(Write)	15		ns	
	TSCYCR	Serial clock cycle(Read)	150		ns	
	TSHR	S"L""H" pulse width(Read)	60		ns	
	TSLR	S"L""L" pulse width(Read)	60		ns	
SDA(DIN) (DOUT)	TSDS	Data setup time	5		ns	
	TSDH	Data hold time	5		ns	
	TACC	Access time	5	50	ns	For maximum CL = 30pF
	TOH	Output disable time	10		ns	For minimum CL = 8pF

Note 1: VDDI=1.65 to 3.3V, VCI=2.6 to 3.3V, AGND=GND=0V. Ta=-30 to 70°C (to +85°C no damage)

Note 2 : The input signal rise time and fall time(tr, tf) is specified at 15 ns or less.

Logic high and low levels are specified as 10% and 90% of VDDI for Input signals.

6.3 4-pin Serial Interface

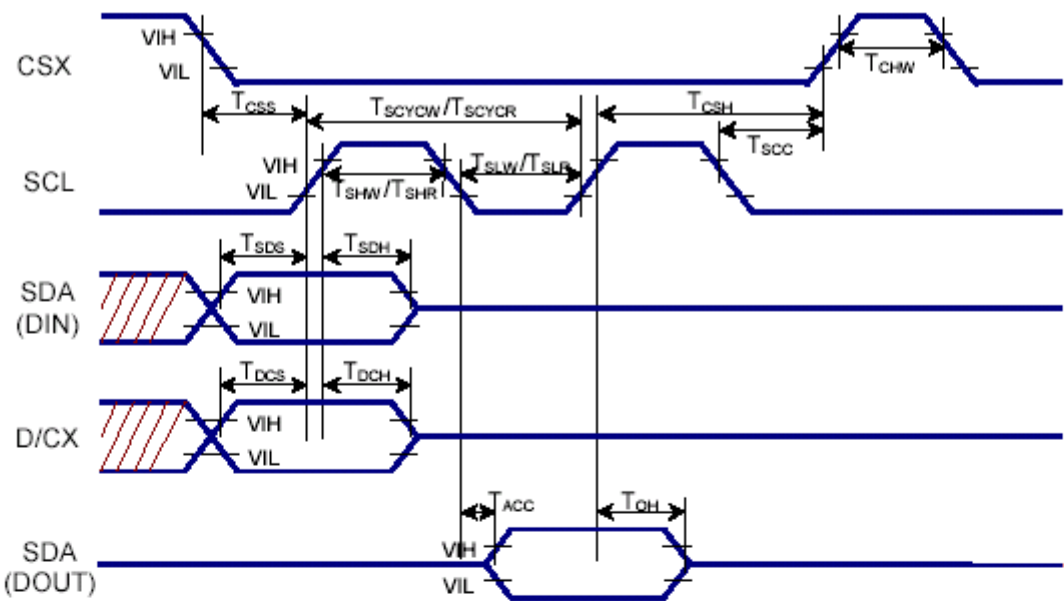


Table 17.3.2.2: 4 pin Serial Interface Characteristics

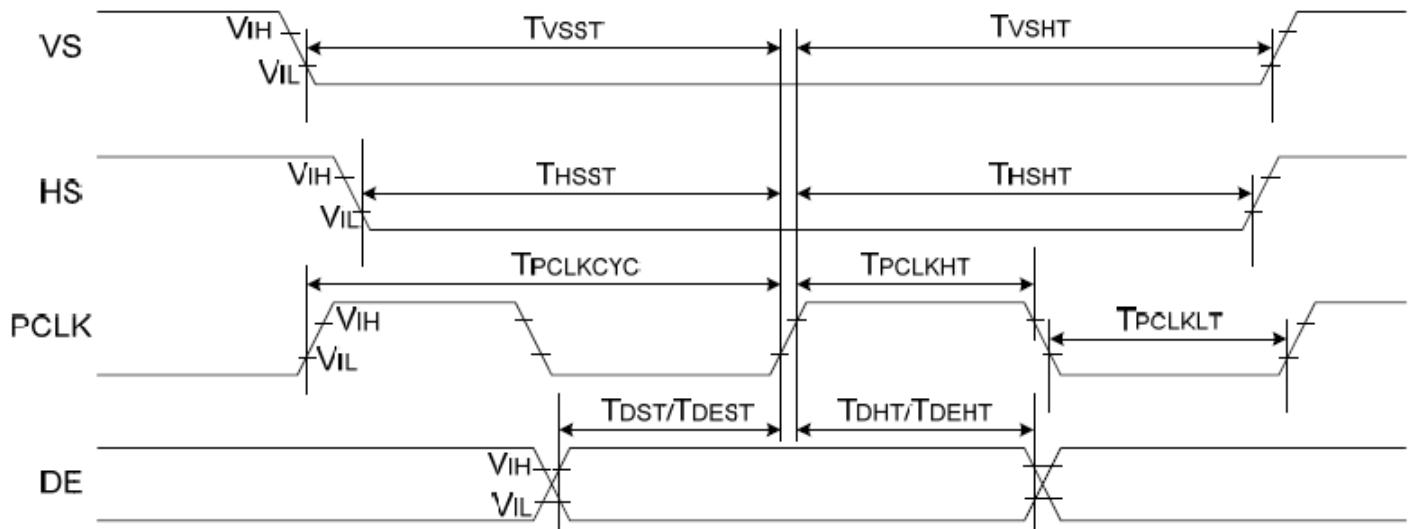
Signal	Symbol	Parameter	MIN	MAX	Unit	Description
CSX	TCSS	Chip select setup time	10		ns	
	TCSH	Chip select hold time	30		ns	
	TCHW	Chip select "H" pulse width	30		ns	
SCL	TSCYCW	Serial clock cycle(Write)	66		ns	
	TSHW	S"L""H" pulse width(Write)	15		ns	
	TSLW	S"L""L" pulse width(Write)	15		ns	
	TSCYCR	Serial clock cycle(Read)	150		ns	
	TSHR	S"L""H" pulse width(Read)	60		ns	
	TSLR	S"L""L" pulse width(Read)	60		ns	
D/CX	TDCS	D/CX setup time	5		ns	
	TDCH	D/CX hold time	5		ns	
SDA(DIN) (DOUT)	TSDS	Data setup time	5		ns	
	TSDH	Data hold time	5		ns	
	TACC	Access time	5	50	ns	For maximum CL = 30pF
	TOH	Output disable time	10		ns	For minimum CL = 8pF

Note 1: VDDI=1.65 to 3.3V, VCI=2.6 to 3.3V, AGND=GND=0V. Ta=-30 to 70℃ (to +85℃ no damage)

Note 2 : The input signal rise time and fall time(tr, tf) is specified at 15 ns or less.

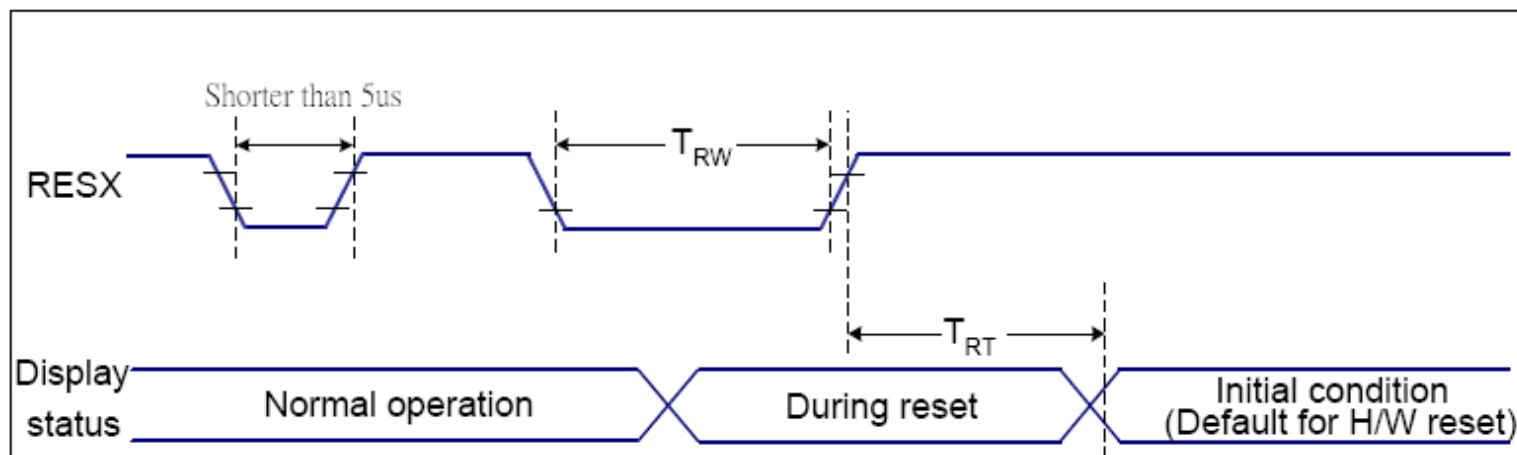
Logic high and low levels are specified as 10% and 90% of VDDI for Input signals.

6.4 Parallel RGB 18/16/6-bit Bus



Signal	Symbol	Parameter	MIN	MAX	Unit	Description
PCLK	TPCLKCYC	TPCLK Cycle time	66		ns	
	TPCLKLT	Pixel low pulse width	15	-	ns	
	TPCLKHT	Pixel high pulse width	15	-	ns	
VS	TVSST	Vertical Sync. setup time	15	-	ns	
	TVSHT	Vertical Sync. hold time	15	-	ns	
HS	THSST	Horizontal Sync. setup time	15	-	ns	
	THSHT	Horizontal Sync. hold time	15	-	ns	
DE	TDEST	Data Enable setup time	15	-	ns	
	TDEHT	Data Enable hold time	15	-	ns	
D[17:0]	TDST	Data setup time	15	-	ns	
	TDHT	Data hold time	15	-	ns	

6.5 Reset Timing Characteristics



$V_{DDI}=1.65$ to $3.3V$, $V_{DD}=2.4$ to $3.3V$, $AGND=DGND=0V$, $T_a=-30 \sim 70^\circ C$

Related Pins	Symbol	Parameter	MIN	MAX	Unit
RESX	TRW	Reset pulse duration	10	-	us
	TRT	Reset cancel	-	5 (Note 1, 5)	ms
				120 (Note 1, 6, 7)	ms

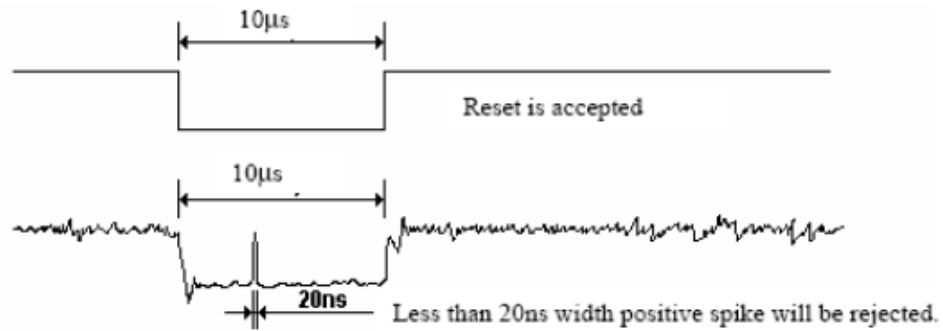
Notes:

1. The reset cancel includes also required time for loading ID bytes, VCOM setting and other settings from NVM (or similar device) to registers. This loading is done every time when there is HW reset cancel time (t_{RT}) within 5 ms after a rising edge of RESX.
2. Spike due to an electrostatic discharge on RESX line does not cause irregular system reset according to the table below:

RESX Pulse	Action
Shorter than 5us	Reset Rejected
Longer than 9us	Reset
Between 5us and 9us	Reset starts

3. During the Resetting period, the display will be blanked (The display is entering blanking sequence, which maximum time is 120 ms, when Reset Starts in Sleep Out –mode. The display remains the blank state in Sleep In –mode.) and then return to Default condition for Hardware Reset.

4. Spike Rejection also applies during a valid reset pulse as shown below:



5. When Reset applied during Sleep In Mode.

6. When Reset applied during Sleep Out Mode.

7. It is necessary to wait 5msec after releasing RESX before sending commands. Also Sleep Out command cannot be sent for 120msec.

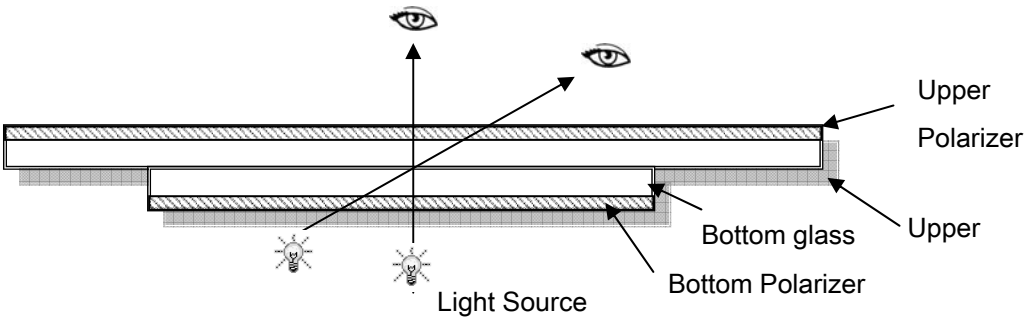
7. LCD Module Out-Going Quality Level

7.1 VISUAL & FUNCTION INSPECTION STANDARD

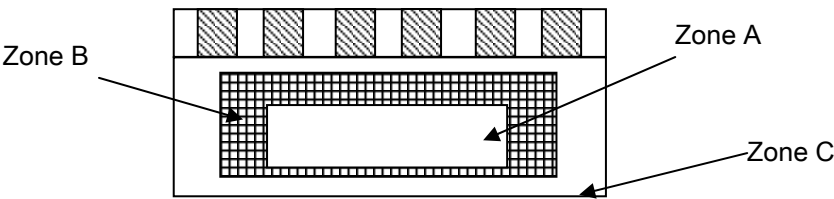
7.1.1 Inspection conditions

Inspection performed under the following conditions is recommended.

- Temperature : 25±5℃
- Humidity : 65%±10%RH
- Viewing Angle : Normal viewing Angle.
- Illumination: Single fluorescent lamp (300 to 700Lux)
- Viewing distance:30–50cm



7.1.2 Definition



- Zone A : Effective Viewing Area(Character or Digit can be seen)
- Zone B : Viewing Area except Zone A
- Zone C : Outside (Zone A+Zone B) which can not be seen after assembly by customer .)

Note:

As a general rule ,visual defects in Zone C can be ignored when it doesn't effect product function or appearance after assembly by customer.

7.1.3 Sampling Plan

According to GB/T 2828-2003 ; , normal inspection, Class II

AQL:

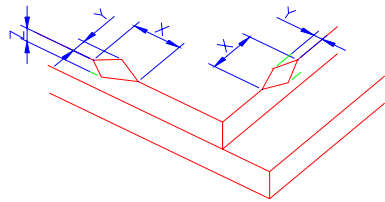
Major defect	Minor defect
0.65	1.5

LCD: Liquid Crystal Display , TP: Touch Panel , LCM: Liquid Crystal Module

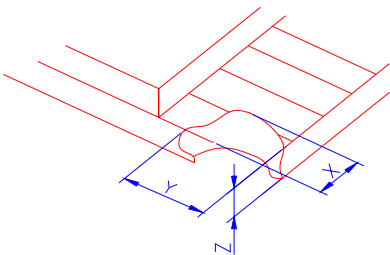
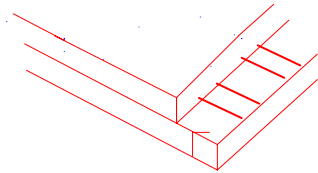
No	Items to be inspected	Criteria	Classification of defects
1	Functional defects	1) No display, Open or miss line 2) Display abnormally, Short 3) Backlight no lighting, abnormal lighting. 4) TP no function	Major
2	Missing	Missing component	
3	Outline dimension	Overall outline dimension beyond the drawing is not allowed	
4	Color tone	Color unevenness, refer to limited sample	Minor
5	Soldering appearance	Good soldering , Peeling off is not allowed.	
6	LCD/Polarizer/TP	Black/White spot/line, scratch, crack, etc.	

7

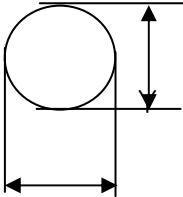
7.1.4 Criteria (Visual)

Number	Items	Criteria(mm)						
1.0 LCD Crack/Broken	(1) The edge of LCD broken	 <table> <tr> <th>X</th><th>Y</th><th>Z</th></tr> <tr> <td>≤3.0mm</td><td><Inner border line of the seal</td><td>≤T</td></tr> </table>	X	Y	Z	≤3.0mm	<Inner border line of the seal	≤T
X	Y	Z						
≤3.0mm	<Inner border line of the seal	≤T						
NOTE: X: Length Y: Width								

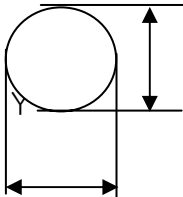


Z: Height L: Length of ITO, T: Height of LCD	(2)LCD corner broken	 <table border="1" data-bbox="922 546 1332 649"><tr><td>X</td><td>Y</td><td>Z</td></tr><tr><td>≤3.0mm</td><td>≤L</td><td>≤T</td></tr></table>	X	Y	Z	≤3.0mm	≤L	≤T
	X	Y	Z					
≤3.0mm	≤L	≤T						
(3) LCD crack	 Crack Not allowed							



Number	Items	Criteria (mm)																									
2.0	Spot defect  X Φ=(X+Y)/2	① light dot (LCD/TP/Polarizer black/white spot , light dot, pinhole, dent, stain)																									
		<table><tr><th rowspan="2">Zone Size (mm)</th><th colspan="3">Acceptable Qty</th></tr><tr><th>A</th><th>B</th><th>C</th></tr><tr><td>Φ≤0.10</td><td colspan="2">Ignore</td><td rowspan="4">Ignore</td></tr><tr><td>0.10<Φ≤0.15</td><td colspan="2">3(distance≥10mm)</td></tr><tr><td>0.15<Φ≤0.2</td><td colspan="2">1</td></tr><tr><td>0.2<Φ</td><td colspan="2">0</td></tr></table>	Zone Size (mm)	Acceptable Qty			A	B	C	Φ≤0.10	Ignore		Ignore	0.10<Φ≤0.15	3(distance≥10mm)		0.15<Φ≤0.2	1		0.2<Φ	0						
		Zone Size (mm)		Acceptable Qty																							
			A	B	C																						
		Φ≤0.10	Ignore		Ignore																						
		0.10<Φ≤0.15	3(distance≥10mm)																								
		0.15<Φ≤0.2	1																								
		0.2<Φ	0																								
		②Dim spot (LCD/TP/Polarizer dim dot, light leakage、 dark spot)																									
		<table><tr><th rowspan="2">Zone Size (mm)</th><th colspan="3">Acceptable Qty</th></tr><tr><th>A</th><th>B</th><th>C</th></tr><tr><td>Φ≤0.1</td><td colspan="2">Ignore</td><td rowspan="4">Ignore</td></tr><tr><td>0.1<Φ≤0.2</td><td colspan="2">2(distance≥10mm)</td></tr><tr><td>0.2<Φ≤0.3</td><td colspan="2">1</td></tr><tr><td>Φ>0.3</td><td colspan="2">0</td></tr></table>	Zone Size (mm)	Acceptable Qty			A	B	C	Φ≤0.1	Ignore		Ignore	0.1<Φ≤0.2	2(distance≥10mm)		0.2<Φ≤0.3	1		Φ>0.3	0						
Zone Size (mm)	Acceptable Qty																										
	A	B	C																								
Φ≤0.1	Ignore		Ignore																								
0.1<Φ≤0.2	2(distance≥10mm)																										
0.2<Φ≤0.3	1																										
Φ>0.3	0																										
③ Polarizer accidented spot																											
<table><tr><th rowspan="2">Zone Size (mm)</th><th colspan="3">Acceptable Qty</th></tr><tr><th>A</th><th>B</th><th>C</th></tr><tr><td>Φ≤0.2</td><td colspan="2">Ignore</td><td rowspan="3">Ignore</td></tr><tr><td>0.2<Φ≤0.5</td><td colspan="2">2(distance≥10mm)</td></tr><tr><td>Φ>0.5</td><td colspan="2">0</td></tr></table>	Zone Size (mm)	Acceptable Qty			A	B	C	Φ≤0.2	Ignore		Ignore	0.2<Φ≤0.5	2(distance≥10mm)		Φ>0.5	0											
Zone Size (mm)		Acceptable Qty																									
	A	B	C																								
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0.2<Φ≤0.5	2(distance≥10mm)																										
Φ>0.5	0																										
Line defect (LCD/TP /Polarizer black/white line, scratch, stain)	<table><tr><th rowspan="2">Width(mm)</th><th rowspan="2">Length(mm)</th><th colspan="3">Acceptable Qty</th></tr><tr><th>A</th><th>B</th><th>C</th></tr><tr><td>Φ≤0.03</td><td>Ignore</td><td colspan="2">Ignore</td><td rowspan="3">Ignore</td></tr><tr><td>0.03<W≤0.05</td><td>L≤3.0</td><td colspan="2">N≤2</td></tr><tr><td>0.05<W≤0.08</td><td>L≤2.0</td><td colspan="2">N≤2</td></tr><tr><td>0.08<W</td><td colspan="4">Define as spot defect</td></tr></table>	Width(mm)	Length(mm)	Acceptable Qty			A	B	C	Φ≤0.03	Ignore	Ignore		Ignore	0.03<W≤0.05	L≤3.0	N≤2		0.05<W≤0.08	L≤2.0	N≤2		0.08<W	Define as spot defect			
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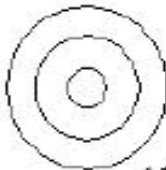
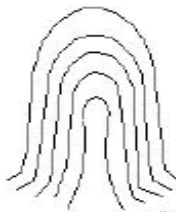
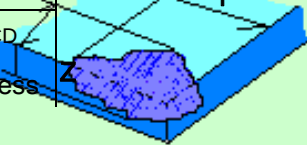
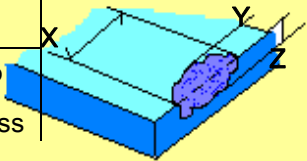


Items	Criteria (mm)																																																									
Spot defect  X $\Phi=(X+Y)/2$	① light dot (LCD/TP/Polarizer black/white spot , light dot, pinhole, dent, stain) <table><tr><th rowspan="2">Zone Size (mm)</th><th colspan="3">Acceptable Qty</th></tr><tr><th>A</th><th>B</th><th>C</th></tr><tr><td>$\Phi\leq0.10$</td><td colspan="2">Ignore</td><td rowspan="4">Ignore</td></tr><tr><td>$0.10<\Phi\leq0.15$</td><td colspan="2">3(distance$\geq10\text{mm}$)</td></tr><tr><td>$0.15<\Phi\leq0.2$</td><td colspan="2">1</td></tr><tr><td>$0.2<\Phi$</td><td colspan="2">0</td></tr></table> ②Dim spot (LCD/TP/Polarizer dim dot, light leakage、dark spot) <table><tr><th rowspan="2">Zone Size (mm)</th><th colspan="3">Acceptable Qty</th></tr><tr><th>A</th><th>B</th><th>C</th></tr><tr><td>$\Phi\leq0.1$</td><td colspan="2">Ignore</td><td rowspan="4">Ignore</td></tr><tr><td>$0.1<\Phi\leq0.2$</td><td colspan="2">2(distance$\geq10\text{mm}$)</td></tr><tr><td>$0.2<\Phi\leq0.3$</td><td colspan="2">1</td></tr><tr><td>$\Phi>0.3$</td><td colspan="2">0</td></tr></table> ③ Polarizer accidented spot <table><tr><th rowspan="2">Zone Size (mm)</th><th colspan="3">Acceptable Qty</th></tr><tr><th>A</th><th>B</th><th>C</th></tr><tr><td>$\Phi\leq0.2$</td><td colspan="2">Ignore</td><td rowspan="3">Ignore</td></tr><tr><td>$0.2<\Phi\leq0.5$</td><td colspan="2">2(distance$\geq10\text{mm}$)</td></tr><tr><td>$\Phi>0.5$</td><td colspan="2">0</td></tr></table>	Zone Size (mm)	Acceptable Qty			A	B	C	$\Phi\leq0.10$	Ignore		Ignore	$0.10<\Phi\leq0.15$	3(distance $\geq10\text{mm}$)		$0.15<\Phi\leq0.2$	1		$0.2<\Phi$	0		Zone Size (mm)	Acceptable Qty			A	B	C	$\Phi\leq0.1$	Ignore		Ignore	$0.1<\Phi\leq0.2$	2(distance $\geq10\text{mm}$)		$0.2<\Phi\leq0.3$	1		$\Phi>0.3$	0		Zone Size (mm)	Acceptable Qty			A	B	C	$\Phi\leq0.2$	Ignore		Ignore	$0.2<\Phi\leq0.5$	2(distance $\geq10\text{mm}$)		$\Phi>0.5$	0	
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	Line defect (LCD/TP /Polarizer black/white line, scratch, stain)	<table><tr><th rowspan="2">Width(mm)</th><th rowspan="2">Length(mm)</th><th colspan="3">Acceptable Qty</th></tr><tr><th>A</th><th>B</th><th>C</th></tr><tr><td>$\Phi \leq 0.03$</td><td>Ignore</td><td colspan="2">Ignore</td><td rowspan="3">Ignore</td></tr><tr><td>$0.03 < W \leq 0.05$</td><td>$L \leq 3.0$</td><td colspan="2">$N \leq 2$</td></tr><tr><td>$0.05 < W \leq 0.08$</td><td>$L \leq 2.0$</td><td colspan="2">$N \leq 2$</td></tr><tr><td>$0.08 < W$</td><td colspan="4">Define as spot defect</td></tr></table>				Width(mm)	Length(mm)	Acceptable Qty			A	B	C	$\Phi \leq 0.03$	Ignore	Ignore		Ignore	$0.03 < W \leq 0.05$	$L \leq 3.0$	$N \leq 2$		$0.05 < W \leq 0.08$	$L \leq 2.0$	$N \leq 2$		$0.08 < W$	Define as spot defect			
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	Polarizer Bubble	<table><tr><th rowspan="2">Zone Size (mm)</th><th colspan="3">Acceptable Qty</th></tr><tr><th>A</th><th>B</th><th>C</th></tr><tr><td>$\Phi \leq 0.2$</td><td colspan="2">Ignore</td><td rowspan="4">Ignore</td></tr><tr><td>$0.2 < \Phi \leq 0.4$</td><td colspan="2">2(distance $\geq 10\text{mm}$)</td></tr><tr><td>$0.4 < \Phi \leq 0.6$</td><td colspan="2">1</td></tr><tr><td>$0.6 < \Phi$</td><td colspan="2">0</td></tr></table>				Zone Size (mm)	Acceptable Qty			A	B	C	$\Phi \leq 0.2$	Ignore		Ignore	$0.2 < \Phi \leq 0.4$	2(distance $\geq 10\text{mm}$)		$0.4 < \Phi \leq 0.6$	1		$0.6 < \Phi$	0							
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	SMT	According to IPC-A-610C class II standard . Function defect and missing part are major defect ,the others are minor defect.																													

		TP bubble/ accidented spot	<table><tr><th rowspan="2">Size Φ(mm)</th><th colspan="3">Acceptable Qty</th></tr><tr><th>A</th><th>B</th><th>C</th></tr><tr><td>$\Phi \leq 0.1$</td><td colspan="3">Ignore</td></tr><tr><td>$0.1 < \Phi \leq 0.2$</td><td colspan="3">2</td></tr><tr><td>$0.2 < \Phi \leq 0.3$</td><td colspan="3">1</td></tr><tr><td>$0.3 < \Phi$</td><td colspan="3">0</td></tr></table>	Size Φ (mm)	Acceptable Qty			A	B	C	$\Phi \leq 0.1$	Ignore			$0.1 < \Phi \leq 0.2$	2			$0.2 < \Phi \leq 0.3$	1			$0.3 < \Phi$	0		
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		Assembly deflection	beyond the edge of backlight $\leq 0.15\text{mm}$																							

5.0	TP Related	Newton Ring Newton Ring	Newton area>1/3 TP NG Newton area≤1/3 TP OK	Ring area Ring area	 1 规律性  2 非规律性  似牛顿环						
		TP corner broken X : length Y : width Z : height	<table><tr><td>X</td><td>Y</td></tr><tr><td>X≤3.0mm</td><td>Y≤3.0mm</td></tr></table> * Circuitry broken is not allowed.	X	Y	X≤3.0mm	Y≤3.0mm	<table><tr><td>Z</td></tr><tr><td>X</td></tr><tr><td>Y</td></tr></table> Z<LCD thickness 	Z	X	Y
X	Y										
X≤3.0mm	Y≤3.0mm										
Z											
X											
Y											
		TP edge broken X : length Y : width Z : height	<table><tr><td>X</td><td>Y</td></tr><tr><td>X≤6.0mm</td><td>Y≤2.0mm</td></tr></table> * Circuitry broken is not allowed.	X	Y	X≤6.0mm	Y≤2.0mm	<table><tr><td>Z</td></tr><tr><td>X</td></tr><tr><td>Y</td></tr></table> Z<LCD thickness 	Z	X	Y
X	Y										
X≤6.0mm	Y≤2.0mm										
Z											
X											
Y											



Criteria (functional items)

Number	Items	Criteria (mm)
1	No display	Not allowed
2	Missing segment	Not allowed
3	Short	Not allowed
4	Backlight no lighting	Not allowed
5	TP no function	Not allowed



8. Reliability Test Result

8.1 Condition

Item	Condition	Sample Size	Test Result	Note
Low Temperature Operating Life test	-20℃, 96HR	3ea	pass	-
Thermal Humidity Operating Life test	60℃, 90%RH, 96HR	3ea	pass	-
Temperature Cycle ON/OFF test	-20℃ ↔ 70℃, ON/OFF, 20CYC	3ea	pass	(1)
High Temperature Storage test	80℃, 96HR	3ea	pass	-
Low Temperature Storage test	- 30℃, 96HR	3ea	pass	-
Thermal Shock Resistance	The sample should be allowed to stand the following 5 cycles of operation: TSTL for 30 minutes -> normal temperature for 5 minutes -> TSTH for 30 minutes -> normal temperature for 5 minutes, as one cycle, then taking it out and drying it at normal temperature, and allowing it stand for 24 hours	3ea	pass	
Box Drop Test	1 Corner 3 Edges 6 faces, 66cm(MEDIUM BOX)	1box	pass	-

Note (1) ON Time over 10 seconds, OFF Time under 10 seconds

9. Cautions and Handling Precautions

9.1 Handling and Operating the Module

(1) When the module is assembled, it should be attached to the system firmly.

Do not warp or twist the module during assembly work.

(2) Protect the module from physical shock or any force. In addition to damage, this may cause improper operation or damage to the module and back-light unit.

(3) Note that polarizer is very fragile and could be easily damaged. Do not press or scratch the surface.

(4) Do not allow drops of water or chemicals to remain on the display surface.

If you have the droplets for a long time, staining and discoloration may occur.

(5) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, clean it using some absorbent cotton or soft cloth.

(6) The desirable cleaners are water, IPA (Isopropyl Alcohol) or Hexane.

Do not use ketene type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanent damage to the polarizer due to chemical reaction.

(7) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, legs, or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.

(8) Protect the module from static; it may cause damage to the CMOS ICs.

(9) Use finger-stalls with soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.

(10) Do not disassemble the module.

(11) Protection film for polarizer on the module shall be slowly peeled off just before use so that the electrostatic charge can be minimized.

(12) Pins of I/F connector shall not be touched directly with bare hands.

(13) Do not connect, disconnect the module in the "Power ON" condition.

(14) Power supply should always be turned on/off by the item 6.1 Power On Sequence & 6.2 Power Off Sequence

9.2 Storage and Transportation.

(1) Do not leave the panel in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time.

It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0 to 35 °C and relative humidity of less than 70%

(2) Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight.

(3) The module shall be stored in a dark place. When storing the modules for a long time, be sure to adopt effective measures for protecting the modules from strong ultraviolet radiation, sunlight, or fluorescent light.

(4) It is recommended that the modules should be stored under a condition where no condensation is allowed. Formation of dewdrops may cause an abnormal operation or a failure of the module.

In particular, the greatest possible care should be taken to prevent any module from being operated where condensation has occurred inside.

(5) This panel has its circuitry FPC on the bottom side and should be handled carefully in order not to be stressed.

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10.Packing

-----TBD-----

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